DEFAULT RULES OF CIVIL JURISDICTION & LAND USE IN INDIAN COUNTRY

Indian country (IC) includes all lands within the boundaries of an Indian reservation (regardless of fee status or non-Indian ownership) and tribal and tribal-citizen lands held in trust by the United States or restricted fee status. 18 U.S.C. § 1151.

Outside Indian country: Indian tribes and their citizens are subject to state and local jurisdiction, absent a treaty or statute providing otherwise.

Inside Indian country: Absent federal law providing otherwise...

GOVERNMENT EXERCISING JURISDICTION & SUBJECT OF REGULATION	DEFAULT FEDERAL COMMON LAW RULE	STATUS QUO IN MAINE UNDER MICSA/MIA	COMMENTS
State			
Tribal Citizens	State government <i>lacks</i> regulatory authority and other forms of civil jurisdiction over tribes, tribal citizens and tribal businesses in IC	State regulation and other forms of civil jurisdiction over tribes, tribal citizens, and tribal businesses in IC is generally <i>permitted</i> with the exception of internal tribal matters and matters under 30 M.R.S. §§ 6207, 6209-A, B, C	
Non-Citizens	On non-citizen fee lands in IC, state government has regulatory authority and other forms of civil jurisdiction over non-citizens On tribal or tribal-citizen lands held in trust or restricted fee status, state regulation or other forms of civil jurisdiction over non-citizens is prohibited only if it interferes or is incompatible with federal and tribal interests, unless the state interests at stake are sufficient to justify assertion of state authority (Bracker test)	State regulation and other forms of civil jurisdiction over non-citizens in IC is generally permitted	
Land Use	State government <i>lacks</i> land use authority over <i>tribal or tribal-citizen lands</i> held in trust or restricted fee status	State regulation of tribal and tribal-citizen lands is <i>permitted with the exception of</i>	Tribal and state and local governments

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	State government <i>lacks</i> land use authority over fee lands owned by a tribe or tribal citizens except in exceptional circumstances State government <i>has</i> regulatory authority over fee lands owned by non-citizens in IC	internal tribal matters and matters under 30 M.R.S. §§ 6207, 6209-A, B, C State government has regulatory authority over fee lands owned by non-citizens in IC	enter agreements to harmonize land use planning and regulation in IC
Tribal			
Tribal Citizens	Tribal government <i>has</i> regulatory authority and other forms of civil jurisdiction over tribal citizens and tribal-citizen businesses in IC	Same	
Non-Citizens	Tribal government generally has regulatory authority and other forms of civil jurisdiction over non-citizens on tribal and tribal-citizen lands held in trust or restricted fee status Tribal regulation and other forms of civil jurisdiction over non-citizens on non-citizen fee land is presumptively invalid and permitted only if non-citizen has consensual relationship with tribe or tribal citizens, or if regulation is necessary to protect health and welfare, economic security, or political integrity of the tribe (Montana test)	Subject to uncertainty	
Land Use	Tribal government has regulatory authority over tribal and tribal-citizen lands in IC, including lands held in trust, restricted fee, and fee simple status Tribal regulation of non-citizen fee lands is presumptively invalid and permitted only if non-citizen has consensual relationship with tribe or tribal citizens, or if regulation is necessary to protect health and welfare, economic security, or political integrity of the tribe (Montana test)	Same Subject to uncertainty	Tribal and state and local governments enter agreements to harmonize land use planning and regulation in IC

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