## Special Project: Student Loan Repayment Tax Credit & Educational Opportunity Tax Credit

# What information is readily available on usage and fiscal impact for the credit?

Tax Year	Total Credit Used	# Returns That Benefit	
2016	\$14,649,373	8,312	
2017	\$19,079,996	9,978	
2018	\$24,373,775	11,873	2
2019	\$30,578,030	14,593	EOTC
2020	\$24,584,128	13,167	
2021	\$22,432,330	9,325	
2022	\$32,345,243	14,396	Ö
2023	\$45,181,500	25,992	SLRTC
2024	\$59,885,995	28,678	Ś

Source: Maine Revenue Services

### What does readily available information show about credit promotion?

### **Promotion Requirements for SLRTC** MDOE, MDOL, FAME & DECD Promotion all have responsibilities for by State Agencies promotion of the credit Promotion Public higher education by Higher institutions have promotional Education responsibilities Institutions FAME has responsibilities to contract marketing for the credit throughout the state **Publicity** and there is an annual appropriation for this purpose

- There are no performance metrics in statute to evaluate promotional efforts against to determine success
- Not all promotional requirements in statute are currently measured by responsible agencies
- Current credit marketing appropriation: \$75,000
- Current contract holder: Live + Work in Maine (LWM)

### How does Maine's credit compare to programs in other states?

- 20 states have enacted legislation related to student loan forgiveness programs (NCSL)
- Many states have student loan forgiveness programs—generally provide incentives for target professions in exchange for a term of service. Maine has similar programs.
- OPEGA identified three states with similar tax credits.

# \$15M 2016 \$60M 2024

 The design of the credit has changed frequently since enactment with changes generally increasing potential pool of eligible recipients.

How has the design changed over time and impacted credit access, degree

attainment and revenue loss?

- How effectively the design has supported degree attainment is unclear. The credit may be better suited to increasing the number of degree holders in ME versus increasing college attendance in the state—though other factors may also be important.
- CT Student Loan
  Payment Tax
  Credit
  - Credit for employers that make student loan payments on behalf of eligible employees.
  - Available starting 2022; \$10M in annual credits

MD Student Loan
Debt Relief Tax
Credit

**Tax Credit** 

- Credit for MD taxpayers with outstanding student loan
- Enacted in 2016; \$18M in annual credits
- MN Student Loan Credit for MN residents who make student loan payments.
  - Enacted in 2017; annual limit of \$500 per individual