

## **132nd MAINE LEGISLATURE**

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2025

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## An Act to Require Disclosure of Campaign Funding Sources

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DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator BENNETT of Oxford. Cosponsored by Representative RIELLY of Westbrook and Senator: GROHOSKI of Hancock, Representative: SUPICA of Bangor.

1	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:
2	Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §1017-A, sub-§1-A is enacted to read:
3 4	<b><u>1-A. Disclosure of sources of original funds.</u></b> A party committee shall comply with the requirements of section 1065.
5	Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §1065 is enacted to read:
6	§1065. Sources of campaign funds
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<b>1. Legislative findings and intent.</b> The Legislature finds and declares that an informed electorate is the cornerstone of a healthy democracy. Transparency in the funding of political campaigns is essential to ensuring that voters can make informed decisions and hold elected officials accountable. The increasing influence of undisclosed financial contributions, commonly referred to as "dark money," undermines public confidence in the integrity of elections, distorts the democratic process and conceals the identities of those seeking to influence public policy for their own interests.
14 15 16 17 18	The Legislature further finds that the public has a compelling interest in knowing the sources of all significant campaign-related expenditures to prevent corruption, undue influence and the appearance thereof. Full disclosure of political spending promotes fairness, accountability and trust in government, while safeguarding the fundamental principle that government derives its legitimacy from the consent of the governed.
19 20 21 22 23	It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to require the greatest possible transparency of campaign expenditures, including the identification of all contributors to entities that spend or contribute money to influence candidate elections in order to restore public confidence in elections, protect the integrity of democratic institutions and ensure that the voices of all citizens, not just the wealthy and powerful, are heard.
24 25	<b>2. Definitions.</b> As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
26 27 28	A. "Covered committee" means a committee required to file a report under section 1017-A or 1059 that makes, in one election cycle, more than \$50,000 in expenditures and receives a contribution from a covered contributor.
29 30	B. "Covered contribution" means the total amount contributed by a covered contributor to a covered committee in an election cycle.
31 32	<u>C.</u> "Covered contributor" means a person that contributes more than \$10,000 to a covered committee in an election cycle.
33 34	D. "Election cycle" means the 2-year period beginning the day after a general election and ending the day of the next general election.
35 36	E. "Original funds" means funds over which a person has legal control and to which the person holds title that the person receives from:
37	(1) Salary, wages or other earned income from employment;
38	(2) Investment income, sale of assets or bequests;
39 40	(3) Distributions from a partnership, limited liability company or trust in which the person holds a legal interest;

1	(4) Commercial transactions; or
2 3 4	(5) Membership dues, union dues or other similar periodic payments to an organization, association or group as long as the payments do not exceed \$10,000 per year per person.
5	F. "Original source" means the person who directly received the original funds.
6 7	G. "Pass-through funds" means funds over which a person has legal control and to which the person holds title that are not that person's original funds.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<b>3. Notice to disclose or opt out.</b> A covered committee shall notify each contributor in writing that the funds may be used to make expenditures to influence a campaign in this State and that information about the sources of pass-through funds may be required and reported under this section. The notice may be provided to the contributor before or after the covered committee receives the contribution, but the contribution may be used or transferred only in accordance with this subsection and subsection 6. The notice must provide that the contributor has 21 days in which the contributor may state that those funds are solely the contributor's original funds, that the funds include pass-through funds or that the contributor opts out of allowing the funds to be used by the covered committee to influence a campaign in this State. Any contributor that has not responded to the notice within 21 days is presumed to have opted out of allowing the contribution to be used to influence a campaign in this State. The commission shall develop a form that a covered committee may use to provide the notice required under this subsection.
21 22 23	<b>4. Covered contributor disclosure.</b> If a covered contributor in response to the notice under subsection 3 states that the funds include pass-through funds, the covered contributor shall provide the covered committee with the following information:
24 25	A. The identity of each source of original funds that directly or indirectly contributed \$2,500 or more in funds included in the contribution;
26 27	B. The amounts from each source, which must total at least as much as the contribution; and
28 29 30	C. The identity of all 3rd parties that transferred \$2,500 or more of the original funds from the original source until the funds were received by the covered contributor, including the dates and amounts of the transfers.
31 32 33 34 35	A covered contributor that received pass-through funds exceeding the amount of the covered contribution may choose which original sources to disclose as long as the covered contributor discloses a total amount of original funds at least equal to the amount of the covered contribution and identifies all persons that transferred those original funds from the original sources to the covered contributor.
36 37 38	5. Records of disclosures. A covered committee shall maintain records of the information required under subsection 4 for at least 5 years and provide the records to the commission upon request.
39 40 41 42 43	<u>6. Restrictions.</u> A contribution may be used or transferred by the covered committee immediately upon the covered committee's receipt of information from the contributor that states that those funds are solely the contributor's original funds or, if the funds include pass-through funds, the information required under subsection 4. A covered committee may not use or transfer funds received from a contributor for the purpose of influencing a

1	campaign in this State if the contributor has opted out or is presumed to have opted out
2	pursuant to subsection 3. Funds of a contributor that has opted out or is presumed to have
3	opted out pursuant to subsection 3 must be segregated from funds in the covered
4	committee's campaign account described in section 1054. This subsection may not be
5	construed to prohibit the use or transfer of such funds for other purposes.
6	7. Sources of original funds; report to commission. A covered committee shall
7	include the following information received from a covered contributor pursuant to
8	subsection 4 in an appropriate report required under section 1017-A or 1059:
9	A. The name and mailing address of each original source whose aggregate direct or
10	indirect contributions exceed \$10,000 during the election cycle. For an original source
11	who is an individual, the report must include that individual's occupation and place of
12	business;
13	B. The date and amount of original funds received from each original source identified
14	in accordance with paragraph A; and
15	C. The identity of all 3rd parties that transferred \$5,000 or more of the original funds
16	from the original source until the funds were received by the covered committee,
17	including the dates and amounts of the transfers.
18	A covered committee is not responsible for reporting the information required by this
19	subsection for the funds of a covered contributor that has opted out or is presumed to have
20	opted out pursuant to subsection 3. In reporting the required information under this
21	subsection, a covered committee may rely upon the information it received pursuant to
22	subsection 4, unless the covered committee knows or has reason to know that the
23	information is false or incomplete.
24	8. Top 3 funders; original sources. For a communication made by a covered
25	committee that is an independent expenditure, as defined in section 1019-B, subsection 1,
26	or a communication subject to section 1055-A, the communication must include the
27	statement described in section 1014, subsection 2-B. The top 3 funders included in the
28	statement must be the funders that, since the day following the most recent general election,
29	are the original sources of the highest dollar amounts of original funds directly or indirectly
30	contributed to the covered committee making the communication. Section 1014,
31	subsection 2-B, paragraph E does not apply to the statement required by this subsection.
32	9. Prior funds. For the purposes of disclosing original sources under this section, a
33	covered contributor that received funds that are not its own original funds prior to January
34	1, 2026 or that has held an amount of funds at least equal to \$10,000 without interruption
35	for a period of 5 years may consider those funds its own original funds.
36	10. Penalties. Notwithstanding section 1004-A, subsections 4 and 5 and section 1014,
37	subsection 4, the commission may assess a penalty for a violation of this section of not
38	more than \$20,000, in addition to any penalty assessed under sections 1020-A and 1062-A.
39	When determining the amount of any penalty, the commission shall consider the amount
40	of the original funds not disclosed, the harm suffered by the public from the lack of
41	disclosure and the covered committee's compliance record. If the commission determines
42	that adjusting the statutory maximum penalty amount would serve the purposes of this
43	section, it may recommend adjustments in a report to the joint standing committee of the
44	Legislature having jurisdiction over campaign finance reporting matters.

1**11. Rules.** The commission shall adopt rules to implement this section, including the2content and timing of the notice described in subsection 3 and report described in3subsection 7. Rules adopted under this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in4Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.5Sec. 3. Effective date. That portion of that section of this Act that enacts the Maine6Revised Statutes, Title 21-A, section 1065, subsection 10 takes effect January 1, 2026.

## SUMMARY

8 This bill requires certain party committees, political action committees and ballot 9 question committees to notify and seek consent from a contributor in writing that the 10 contribution may be used to make expenditures to influence a political campaign in this 11 State. The bill requires the committee to report to the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices information about the identity of certain contributors and 3rd parties 12 13 and the amount of the contribution used to make expenditures to influence a political 14 campaign in this State. The bill contains other requirements regarding the source of 15 contributions, required reporting relating to the top 3 funders and penalties for violations.

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