PUBLIC LAW

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD TWO THOUSAND AND THIRTEEN

H.P. 15 - L.D. 11

An Act To Allow Vehicles Engaged in Snow Removal or Sanding Operations on Public Ways To Use Preemptive Traffic Light Devices

Emergency preamble. Whereas, acts and resolves of the Legislature do not become effective until 90 days after adjournment unless enacted as emergencies; and

Whereas, amending the law to allow vehicles engaged in snow removal or sanding operations on public ways to use preemptive traffic light devices will promote safety on Maine roadways; and

Whereas, it is necessary to improve safety by implementing this legislation as soon as possible for the 2012-2013 winter season; and

Whereas, in the judgment of the Legislature, these facts create an emergency within the meaning of the Constitution of Maine and require the following legislation as immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety; now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 29-A MRSA §2057-A, as enacted by PL 2003, c. 633, §6, is amended to read:

§2057-A. Preemptive traffic light devices prohibited

- **1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
 - A. "Lighted traffic control device" means a traffic control device conforming to the requirements of section 2057, subsection 1.
 - B. "Preemptive traffic light device" means a device, including a signal prioritization device or a signal preemption device, capable of altering or interrupting the normal cycle of a lighted traffic control device or equipment associated with the functionality of a lighted traffic control device.

- C. "Signal preemption device" means a device that, when activated and when a vehicle equipped with such a device approaches an intersection controlled by a lighted traffic control device, causes:
 - (1) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to remain green if the signal is already displaying a green light or to change from red to green if the signal is displaying a red light;
 - (2) The signal, in other directions of travel, to remain red or change to red, as applicable, to prevent other vehicles from entering the intersection; and
 - (3) The applicable functions described in subparagraphs (1) and (2) to continue until the vehicle equipped with the device is clear of the intersection.
- <u>D.</u> "Signal prioritization device" means a device that, when activated and when a vehicle equipped with such a device approaches an intersection controlled by a lighted traffic control device, causes:
 - (1) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to display a green light sooner than the green light would otherwise be displayed;
 - (2) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to display a green light longer than the green light would otherwise be displayed; and
 - (3) The applicable functions described in subparagraphs (1) and (2) to continue until the vehicle equipped with the device is clear of the intersection.
- **2. Violation.** A person commits a Class E crime if that person possesses a preemptive traffic light device or operates or allows the operation of a motor vehicle, vehicle, motorized wheelchair, electric personal mobility device, scooter or bicycle equipped with a preemptive traffic light device.
 - **3. Exemptions.** This section does not apply to:
 - A. An authorized emergency vehicle <u>equipped with a signal prioritization device or signal preemption device or both</u> maintained by a municipality, county or state agency or an ambulance or emergency medical services vehicle as defined in section 2054, subsection 1;
 - B. Transit route buses <u>equipped with signal prioritization devices</u> engaged in the transportation of passengers and maintained by or contracted to a municipal, county or state agency; or
 - C. A vehicle <u>equipped with a signal prioritization device</u> used by the Department of Transportation for the purpose of installing, maintaining or testing a lighted traffic control device-; <u>or</u>
 - D. A vehicle equipped with a signal prioritization device owned or contracted by a municipality engaged in snow removal or sanding operations on a public way and authorized by the municipal officers or a vehicle equipped with a signal prioritization device owned or contracted by a county or state agency engaged in snow removal or sanding operations on a public way.

A vehicle under paragraph B, C or D may not operate a signal prioritization device in a manner that impedes or interferes with the use of a signal prioritization device by a vehicle under paragraph A. A vehicle under paragraph C may not operate a signal prioritization device in a manner that impedes or interferes with the use of a signal prioritization device by a vehicle under paragraphs B and D.

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this legislation takes effect when approved.