1	L.D. 1107
2	Date: (Filing No. H-
3	JUDICIARY
4	Reproduced and distributed under the direction of the Clerk of the House.
5	STATE OF MAINE
6	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
7	126TH LEGISLATURE
8	FIRST REGULAR SESSION
9 10 11	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " to H.P. 776, L.D. 1107, Bill, "An Act To Provide a Uniform Process for the Use of Orders Awarding Parental Rights and Responsibilities To Dispose of a Child Protective Case"
12 13 14 15 16 17	Amend the bill in section 1 in subsection 1-A in the first paragraph in the 5th to 7th lines (page 1, lines 8 to 10 in L.D.) by striking out the following: "Before the order is issued, the court shall require notice of intent to dispose of the child protective case through an order awarding parental rights and responsibilities made pursuant to the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 4." and inserting the following: 'The court shall ensure that proper notice was given that the child protective case may be disposed of through an order awarding parental rights and responsibilities upon request of a parent.'
19 20	Amend the bill in section 1 in subsection 1-A in paragraph A in the first line (page 1 line 12 in L.D.) by inserting after the following: "shall" the following: 'direct the clerk to'
21 22	Amend the bill in section 1 in subsection 1-A in paragraph D in the last line (page 1 line 33 in L.D.) by striking out the following: "and"
23 24	Amend the bill in section 1 in subsection 1-A by inserting after paragraph D the following:
25	'D-1. The court may either:
26	(1) Immediately dismiss the child protection action; or
27 28 29 30 31	(2) Enter a provisional order awarding parental rights and responsibilities and after the passage of a period set by the court not to exceed 6 months, the child protection action must be dismissed, with the order awarding parental rights and responsibilities becoming permanent, unless there is good cause shown in writing to continue the child protection action; and'
32 33	Amend the bill in section 1 in subsection 1-A by striking out paragraph F (page 1 lines 37 to 41 in L.D.) and inserting the following:
34 35	'F. The When a provisional order awarding parental rights and responsibilities is entered under paragraph D-1, subparagraph (2), the court may terminate the

appointments of the guardian ad litem and attorneys for parents and guardians. When the child protection action is dismissed under paragraph D-1, subparagraph (1) or (2), the court may shall terminate the appointments of the guardian ad litem and attorneys for parents and guardians, in which case. After the appointments are terminated, the attorneys and guardian ad litem have no further responsibilities to their clients or the court.'

7 SUMMARY

The bill requires notice to the parties that a family matters case will be opened to dispose of the child protective case through the use of an order awarding parental rights and responsibilities. This amendment clarifies that the court must ensure that proper notice is given, but, unlike the bill, does not apply Rule 4 of the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure.

This amendment requires that the court direct the clerk to open a family matters case on behalf of the parties.

This amendment provides that the court, upon entering an order awarding parental rights and responsibilities, may dismiss the child protection action or, if the order is a provisional order awarding parental rights and responsibilities, direct that the child protection action must be dismissed upon the expiration of a period not to exceed 6 months, at which point the provisional order becomes permanent. This delay in dismissing the child protection action gives the court time to assess whether the provisional order awarding parental rights and responsibilities will meet the best interests of the child. The case will be dismissed unless good cause is shown in writing to continue the case. If the order is provisional, the court has discretion as to whether appointment of the guardian ad litem and any attorneys should be terminated before the dismissal of the child protection action.

The bill provides that when a child protection action is dismissed, the court shall terminate the appointments of the guardian ad litem and the attorneys.