## **ARTICLE 9**

#### ADOPTION

#### PART 1

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

### §9-101. Short title

This Article may be known and cited as "the Adoption Act." [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-102. Definitions

As used in this Article, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **1. Adoptee.** "Adoptee" means a person who will be or who has been adopted, regardless of whether the person is a child or an adult.
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **2. Adult.** "Adult" means a person who is 18 years of age or older. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **3.** Child. "Child" means a person who is under 18 years of age. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **4. Consent.** "Consent," used as a noun, means a voluntary agreement to an adoption by a specific petitioner that is executed by a parent or custodian of the adoptee.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **5. Department.** "Department" means the Department of Health and Human Services. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **6.** Licensed child-placing agency. "Licensed child-placing agency" means an agency, person, group of persons, organization, association or society licensed to operate in this State pursuant to Title 22, chapter 1671.
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - **7. Parent.** "Parent" means a person who, with respect to a child:
  - A. Has established parentage pursuant to Title 19-A, chapter 61; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. When no person described in paragraph A exists, is the legal guardian of the child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **8. Petitioner.** "Petitioner" means a person filing a petition to adopt an adult or a child, and includes both petitioners under a joint petition, except as otherwise provided in this Article. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**9. Putative parent.** "Putative parent" means a person who is the alleged parent of a child but whose parentage has not been but may be legally determined in accordance with Title 19-A, chapter 61.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

10. Surrender and release. "Surrender and release," used as a noun, means a voluntary relinquishment of all parental rights to a child to the department or a licensed child-placing agency for the purpose of placement for adoption.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

## §9-103. Jurisdiction

- **1. Probate Court jurisdiction.** Subject to Title 4, section 152, subsection 5-A, the Probate Court has exclusive jurisdiction over the following:
  - A. Petitions for adoption; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. Consents and reviews of withholdings of consent by persons other than a parent; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. Surrenders and releases; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - D. Termination of parental rights proceedings brought pursuant to section 9-204; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - E. Proceedings to determine the rights of putative parents of children whose adoptions or surrenders and releases are pending before the Probate Court; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - F. Reviews conducted pursuant to section 9-205. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**2. District Court jurisdiction.** The District Court has jurisdiction to conduct hearings pursuant to section 9-205. The District Court has jurisdiction over any matter described in subsection 1 if the proceeding concerns a child over whom the District Court has exclusive jurisdiction pursuant to Title 4, section 152, subsection 5-A.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-104. Venue; transfer

- 1. Venue if adoptee placed by agency or department. If an adoptee is placed by a licensed child-placing agency or the department, the petition for adoption must be filed in the court in the county or division where:
  - A. The petitioner resides; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. The adoptee resides or was born; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- C. An office of the agency that placed the adoptee for adoption is located; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- D. Parental rights of the minor adoptee's parents have been terminated. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**2.** Venue if agency or department not involved in placement. If an adoptee is not placed by a licensed child-placing agency or the department, the petition for adoption must be filed in the county or division where the adoptee resides or where the petitioners reside.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**3. Transfer.** If, in the interests of justice or for the convenience of the parties, the court finds that the matter should be heard in another court, the court may transfer, stay or dismiss the proceeding, subject to any further conditions imposed by the court.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

# §9-105. Rights of adopted persons

Except as otherwise provided by law, an adopted person has all the same rights, including inheritance rights, that a child born to the adoptive parents would have. An adoptee also retains the right to inherit from the adoptee's former parents if the adoption decree so provides, as specified in section 2-117. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-106. Legal representation

- 1. Attorney for parents. The parents are entitled to an attorney for any hearing held pursuant to this Article. If a parent or putative parent wants an attorney but is unable to afford one, the parent or the putative parent may request the court to appoint an attorney. If the court finds the requesting party indigent, the court shall appoint and pay the reasonable costs and expenses of the attorney of the indigent party. The attorney may not be the attorney for the adoptive parents. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- 2. Attorney for minor indigent parent. When the adoptee is unrelated to the petitioner, the court shall appoint an attorney who is not the attorney for the adoptive parents to represent a minor indigent parent at every stage of the proceedings unless the minor indigent parent refuses representation or the court determines that representation is unnecessary.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-107. Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978 and Maine Indian Child Welfare Act

The federal Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, 25 United States Code, Section 1901 et seq. and the Maine Indian Child Welfare Act govern all proceedings under this Article that pertain to an Indian child as defined in those Acts. [PL 2023, c. 359, §2 (AMD).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

Generated 10.30.2023 PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF). PL 2023, c. 359, §2 (AMD).

## §9-108. Application of prior laws

The laws in effect on August 31, 2019 apply to proceedings for which any of the following occurred before September 1, 2019: [PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §13 (AMD).]

- **1. Consent.** The filing of a consent;
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **2. Surrender and release.** The filing of a surrender and release; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **3. Waiver of notice.** The filing of a waiver of notice by a parent or putative parent under former Title 19, section 532-C;

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **4. Order terminating parental rights.** The issuance of an order terminating parental rights; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **5. Adoption petition.** The filing of a petition for adoption. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §13 (AMD). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

## §9-109. Mediation

SECTION HISTORY

The court may refer the parties to mediation at any time after a petition is filed if mediation services are available at a reasonable fee or no cost, and may require that the parties have made a good faith effort to mediate the issue before holding a hearing. An agreement reached by the parties through mediation on an issue must be reduced to writing, signed by the parties and presented to the court for approval as a court order. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### PART 2

## DETERMINATION OF PARENTAGE AND TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS

### §9-201. Determination of parentage

- 1. Affidavit of parentage. When a parent of a child wishes to consent to the adoption of the child or to execute a surrender and release for the purpose of adoption of the child and a putative parent has not consented to the adoption of the child or joined in a surrender and release for the purpose of adoption of the child or waived the right to notice, the parent must file an affidavit of parentage with the court so that the court may determine how to give notice of the proceedings to the putative parent. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- 2. Notice of intent to consent or execute surrender and release. If a court finds from the affidavit of the parent submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that the putative parent's whereabouts are known, the court shall order that notice of the parent's intent to consent to adoption or to execute a surrender and release, or the parent's actual consent or surrender and release, for the purpose of adoption

of the child, be served upon the putative parent. If the court finds that the putative parent's whereabouts are unknown, the court shall order notice by publication in accordance with the applicable rules of procedure. If the parent does not know or refuses to tell the court who a putative parent is, the court may order publication in accordance with the applicable rules of procedure in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the petition is filed, where the child was conceived or where the putative parent is most likely to be located. The notice must specify the names of the parent and the child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **3.** Waiver of notice. A putative parent may waive the right to notice under this section in a document acknowledged before a notary public or a judge. The notary public may not be an attorney who represents either the parent or any person who is likely to become the legal guardian, custodian or parent of the child.
  - A. The waiver of notice must indicate that the putative parent understands that the waiver of notice operates as a consent to adoption or a surrender and release for the purposes of adoption for any adoption of the child and that by signing the waiver of notice the putative parent voluntarily gives up any rights to the child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. The waiver of notice may state that the putative parent neither admits nor denies parentage. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).] [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **4. Determination of parentage of putative parent.** If, after notice, the putative parent of the child wishes to establish parentage of the child, the putative parent must, within 20 days after notice has been given or within a longer period of time as ordered by the court, petition the court to initiate proceedings to establish parentage under Title 19-A, chapter 61. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **5. Hearing date.** Upon receipt of a petition under subsection 4, the court shall fix a date for a hearing to determine the putative parent's parentage of the child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **6. Appointment of attorneys.** The court shall appoint an attorney who is not the attorney for the putative parent, the parent or the potential transferee agency or a potential adoptive parent to represent the child and to protect the child's interests in the proceedings under this section. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- 7. Notice of hearing. Notice of a hearing under this section must be given to a parent, a putative parent, the attorney for the child and any other parties the court determines appropriate. Notice need not be given to a putative parent who has waived the right to notice as provided in subsection 3. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **8. Studies and reports.** Upon order of the court, the department or licensed child-placing agency shall furnish studies and reports relevant to the proceedings under this section. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **9. Findings; effect of parent not waiving notice.** If the putative parent is determined to be the child's parent pursuant to one or more of the means of establishing parentage under Title 19-A, chapter 61, and does not execute a waiver of notice pursuant to subsection 3, then a petitioner must bring a petition to terminate the parent's parental rights pursuant to section 9-204 if the petitioner proceeds with the adoption.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

10. Findings; putative parent does not seek to establish or establish parentage of the child. If the putative parent does not bring a petition to establish parentage under subsection 4 or does not

Generated 10.30.2023 Article 9. ADOPTION 5

establish parentage of the child under Title 19-A, chapter 61, the court shall rule that the putative parent's consent or surrender and release is not needed for the adoption.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-202. Surrender and release; consent

- 1. Surrender and release or consent; presence of judge. With the approval of the court of any county within the State and after a determination by the court that a surrender and release or a consent is in the best interest of the child, the parents or surviving parent of a child may at any time at least 72 hours after the child's birth:
  - A. Surrender and release all parental rights to the child and the custody and control of the child to a licensed child-placing agency or the department to enable the licensed child-placing agency or the department to have the child adopted by a suitable person; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. Consent to have the child adopted by a specified petitioner. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

The parents or the surviving parent must execute the surrender and release or the consent in the presence of the judge. The adoptee, if 14 years of age or older, must execute the consent in the presence of the judge. The waiver of notice by the putative parent is governed by section 9-201, subsection 3. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **2. Approval of surrender and release or consent.** The court may approve a surrender and release or a consent only if:
  - A. A licensed child-placing agency or the department certifies to the court that counseling was provided or was offered and refused. This requirement does not apply if:
    - (1) One of the petitioners is a blood relative; or
    - (2) The adoptee is an adult; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. The court has explained the individual's parental rights and responsibilities, the effects of the surrender and release or the consent, that in all but specific situations the individual has the right to revoke the surrender and release or consent within 5 working days and the existence of the adoption registry and the services available under Title 22, section 2706-A. The individual does not have the right to revoke the consent when the individual is a consenting party and also a petitioner; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. The court determines that the surrender and release or the consent has been duly executed and was given freely after the parent was informed of the parent's rights; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - D. Except when a consenting party is also a petitioner, at least 5 working days have elapsed since the parents or parent executed the surrender and release or the consent and the parents or parent did not withdraw or revoke the surrender and release or consent before the judge or, if the judge was not available, before the register. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**3. Original; copies.** The original surrender and release or consent must be filed in the court where the surrender and release or the consent is executed. An attested copy of the surrender and release or

consent must be filed in the court in which the petition is filed. The court in which the surrender and release or the consent is executed shall provide an attested copy to each surrendering or consenting party and an attested copy to the transferring agency. The copy given to the surrendering or consenting party must contain a statement explaining the importance of keeping the court informed of a current name and address.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **4.** Valid after **5** days; exception. A surrender and release or a consent is not valid until 5 working days after it has been executed, except that consent by a parent petitioning to adopt that parent's own child with that parent's spouse is valid upon signature.
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §17 (AFF).]
- **5.** Consent acknowledged. Consent may be acknowledged before a notary public who is not an attorney for the adopting parents or a partner, associate or employee of an attorney for the adopting parents when consent is given by:
  - A. The department or a licensed child-placing agency; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. A public agency or a duly licensed private agency to which parental rights have been transferred under the law of another state or country. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **6. Final and irrevocable; exceptions.** Except as provided in subsection 7 and section 9-205, subsection 2, a surrender and release or a consent is final and irrevocable upon the court's approval of the surrender and release or consent pursuant to subsection 2.
- [PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. A, §104 (AMD).]
- 7. Consent; limitations. A consent is final only for the adoption consented to, and if that petition for adoption is withdrawn or dismissed or if the adoption is not finalized within 18 months of the execution of the consent, a review must be held pursuant to section 9-205.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **8.** Surrender and release or consent from another state. The court shall accept a surrender and release or a consent by a court of comparable jurisdiction in another state if the court receives an affidavit from a member of that state's bar or a certificate from that court of comparable jurisdiction stating that:
  - A. The party executing the surrender and release or the consent followed the procedure required to make a surrender and release or a consent valid in the state in which it was executed; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. The court of comparable jurisdiction advised the person executing the surrender and release or the consent of the consequences of the surrender and release or the consent under the laws of the state in which the surrender and release or the consent was executed. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

The court shall accept a waiver of notice by a putative parent that meets the requirements of section 9-201, subsection 3.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. A, §104 (AMD). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

§9-203. Duties and responsibilities subsequent to surrender and release

Without notice to the parent or parents, the surrender and release authorized pursuant to section 9-202 may be transferred together with all rights under section 9-202 from the transferee agency to the department or from the department as original transferee to any licensed child-placing agency. If the licensed child-placing agency or the department is unable to find a suitable adoptive home for a child surrendered and released by a parent or parents, the licensed child-placing agency or the department to whom custody and control of that child have been surrendered and released or transferred shall request a review pursuant to section 9-205. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

## §9-204. Termination of parental rights

- 1. Petition for termination; adoption petition brought solely by parent. A petition for termination of parental rights may be brought in the court in which a petition for adoption is properly filed as part of that petition for adoption. A petition for termination of parental rights may not be included as part of a petition for adoption brought solely by another parent of the child unless the adoption is sought to confirm the parentage status of the petitioning parent. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **2.** Title **22**, chapter **1071**, subchapter **6** applies. Except as otherwise provided by this section, a termination of parental rights petition is subject to the provisions of Title **22**, chapter **1071**, subchapter **6**.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **3. Grounds for termination.** The court may order termination of parental rights if:
- A. The parent consents to the termination after a judge has fully explained the effects of a termination order and the consent is written and voluntarily and knowingly executed in court before a judge; or [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §1 (AMD).]
- B. The court finds, based on clear and convincing evidence, that:
  - (1) Termination is in the best interest of the child; and
  - (2) Either:

8 |

- (a) The parent is unwilling or unable to protect the child from jeopardy, as defined by Title 22, section 4002, subsection 6, and these circumstances are unlikely to change within a time that is reasonably calculated to meet the child's needs;
- (b) The parent has been unwilling or unable to take responsibility for the child within a time that is reasonably calculated to meet the child's needs; or
- (c) The parent has abandoned the child, as described in Title 22, section 4002, subsection 1-A. [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §1 (AMD).] [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §1 (AMD).]
- **3-A. Required findings.** The court shall make specific written findings addressing the standards in subsection 3, paragraph B and the court shall consider the following:
  - A. With respect to subsection 3, paragraph B, subparagraph (1), the background and qualities of a prospective adoptive parent who is not already the parent of the child; and [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §2 (NEW).]
  - B. With respect to subsection 3, paragraph B, subparagraph (2), the extent to which the parent who is the subject of the petition had opportunities to rehabilitate and to reunify with the child or to

maintain a relationship with the child, including actions by the child's other parent to foster or to interfere with a relationship between the parent and the child or services provided by public or nonprofit entities. [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §2 (NEW).]

[PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §2 (NEW).]

- **4. Guardian ad litem for child.** The court may appoint a guardian ad litem for a child who is the subject of a petition for termination of parental rights under subsection 1. The appointment must be made as soon as possible after the petition for termination of parental rights is initiated.
  - A. The court shall pay reasonable costs and expenses for the guardian ad litem. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. In general, the guardian ad litem shall act in pursuit of the best interest of the child. The guardian ad litem must be given access to all reports and records relevant to the case and investigate to ascertain the facts. The investigation must include, when possible and appropriate:
    - (1) Reviewing records of psychiatric, psychological or physical examinations of the child, parents or other persons having or seeking care or custody of the child;
    - (2) Review of relevant school records and other pertinent materials;
    - (3) Interviewing the child with or without other persons present; and
    - (4) Interviews with parents, guardians, teachers and other persons who have been involved in caring for or treating the child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

The guardian ad litem may subpoena, examine and cross-examine witnesses and shall make recommendations to the court.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. A, §105 (AMD). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. B, §§1, 2 (AMD).

### §9-205. Review

- 1. Judicial review required; 18 months. The court shall conduct a judicial review if:
- A. A child is not adopted within 18 months of the execution of a surrender and release; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. The adoption is not finalized within 18 months of the consent to an adoption by a parent or parents; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- C. A petition for adoption is not finalized within 18 months. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **2. Determination whether adoption viable plan; review; plan; District Court.** If, after judicial review under subsection 1, the court determines that adoption is still a viable plan for the child, the court shall schedule another judicial review within 2 years. If the court determines that adoption is no longer a viable plan, the court shall attempt to notify the parents, who must be given an opportunity to present an acceptable plan for the child. If either or both parents are able and willing to assume physical custody of the child, the court shall declare the surrender and release or the consent void.

If the parents are not notified or are unable or unwilling to assume physical custody of the child or if the court determines that placement of the child with the parents would constitute jeopardy as defined by Title 22, section 4002, subsection 6, the case must be transferred to the District Court for a hearing pursuant to Title 22, section 4038-A.

Generated 10.30.2023 Article 9. ADOPTION 9

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).] SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### PART 3

#### ADOPTION PROCEDURES

### §9-301. Petition for adoption and change of name; filing fee

Spouses or unmarried persons jointly or an unmarried person, whether resident or nonresident of the State, may petition the court to adopt a person, regardless of age, and to change that person's name. The fee for filing the petition is \$65 plus: [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- 1. National criminal history record check fee. The fee for a national criminal history record check for noncriminal justice purposes set by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for each prospective adoptive parent who is not a parent of the child; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **2. State criminal history record check fee.** The fee for a state criminal history record check for noncriminal justice purposes established pursuant to Title 25, section 1541, subsection 6 for each prospective adoptive parent who is not a parent of the child.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-302. Consent for adoption

- 1. Written consent. Before an adoption is granted, written consent to the adoption must be given by:
  - A. The adoptee, if the adoptee is 12 years of age or older; [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (AMD).]
  - B. Each of the adoptee's living parents, except as provided in subsection 2; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. A person or agency having legal custody or guardianship of the adoptee if the adoptee is a child or to whom the child has been surrendered and released, except that the person's or agency's lack of consent, if adjudged unreasonable by a court, may be overruled by the court. In order for the court to find that the person or agency acted unreasonably in withholding consent, the petitioner must prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the person or agency acted unreasonably. The court shall determine whether the person or agency acted unreasonably in withholding consent prior to any hearing on whether to grant the adoption. The court may hold a pretrial conference to determine who will proceed. The court may determine that even though the burden of proof remains on the petitioner, the person or agency should present its reasons for withholding consent and the facts supporting the decision before the petitioner presents its evidence. The court shall consider the following:
    - (1) Whether the person or agency determined the needs and interests of the child;
    - (2) Whether the person or agency determined the ability of the petitioner and other prospective families to meet the child's needs:

- (3) Whether the person or agency made the decision consistent with the facts;
- (4) Whether the harm of removing the child from the child's current placement outweighs any inadequacies of that placement;
- (4-A) Whether an agency withholding consent to the petitioner consented to the adoption of the child by a person who is a preadoptive parent as defined in Title 22, section 4002, subsection 9-A or who was identified as an appropriate permanency placement in a court-approved permanency plan pursuant to Title 22, section 4038-B; and
- (5) All other factors that have a bearing on a determination of the reasonableness of the person's or agency's decision in withholding consent; and [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (AMD).]
- D. A guardian appointed by the court, if the adoptee is a child, when the child has no living parent, guardian or legal custodian who may consent. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

A petition for adoption must be pending before a consent is executed. [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (AMD).]

- 2. Consent not required. Consent to adoption is not required of:
- A. A putative parent if the putative parent:
  - (1) Received notice and failed to respond to the notice within the prescribed time period;
  - (2) Waived the right to notice under section 9-201, subsection 3;
  - (3) Does not establish parentage of the child under section 9-201, subsection 9; or
  - (4) Holds no parental rights regarding the adoptee under the laws of the foreign country in which the adoptee was born; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. A parent whose parental rights have been terminated under Title 22, chapter 1071, subchapter 6; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- C. A parent who has executed a surrender and release pursuant to section 9-202; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- D. A parent whose parental rights have been voluntarily or judicially terminated and transferred to a public agency or a duly licensed private agency pursuant to the laws of another state or country; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- E. A parent of an adoptee who is 18 years of age or older. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

3. Consent by department; notice.

[PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (RP).]

- **4.** Consent by department; notice. This subsection applies when the department consents to the adoption of a child in its custody.
  - A. When the department consents to the adoption of a child in its custody, the department shall immediately notify:
    - (1) The District Court in which the action under Title 22, chapter 1071 is pending; and
    - (2) The guardian ad litem for the child. [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (NEW).]

B. The department may consent to more than one person petitioning to adopt a child in its custody. In such cases, the court may request that the department provide information and a recommendation regarding petitioners. [PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (NEW).]

[PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (NEW).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 664, Pt. A, §1 (AMD).

### §9-303. Petition

- 1. Sworn; contents. A petition for adoption must be sworn to by the petitioner and must include:
- A. The full name, age and place of residence of the petitioner and, if married, the place and date of marriage; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. The date and place of birth of the adoptee, if known; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- C. The birth name of the adoptee, any other names by which the adoptee has been known and the adoptee's proposed new name, if any; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- D. The residence of the adoptee at the time of the filing of the petition; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- E. A statement of the petitioner's intention to establish a parent-child relationship between the petitioner and the adoptee and a statement that the petitioner is a fit and proper person able to care and provide for the adoptee's welfare; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- F. The names and addresses of all persons or agencies known to the petitioner that affect the custody of, visitation with or access to the adoptee; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- G. The relationship, if any, of the petitioner to the adoptee; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- H. The names and addresses of the department and the licensed child-placing agency, if any; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- I. The names and addresses of all persons known to the petitioner at the time of filing from whom consent to the adoption is required; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- J. If the petition is for the adoption of a minor child, a statement that the petitioner acknowledges that after the adoption is finalized, the transfer of the long-term care and custody of the adoptee without a court order is prohibited under Title 17-A, section 553, subsection 1, paragraphs C and D. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**2. Information to be shared and updated.** A petitioner shall indicate to the court what information the petitioner is willing to share with the parents and under what circumstances and shall provide a mechanism for updating that information.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**3.** Caption. The caption of a petition for adoption may be styled "In the Matter of the Adoption Petition of (name of adoptee)." The petitioner must also be designated in the caption. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

12 | Article 9. ADOPTION Generated 10.30.2023

### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-304. Investigation; guardian ad litem; registry

- 1. Background check; study and report. Upon the filing of a petition for adoption of a minor child, the court shall request a background check and shall direct the department or a licensed child-placing agency to conduct a study and make a report to the court.
  - A. The study must include an investigation of the conditions and antecedents of the child to determine whether the child is a proper subject for adoption and whether the proposed home is suitable for the child. The department or licensed child-placing agency shall submit the report to the court within 60 days.
    - (1) If the court has a report that provides sufficient, current information, the court may waive the requirement of a study and report.
    - (2) If the petitioner is a relative of the child or the spouse or domestic partner of the child's parent, the court may waive the requirement of a study and report. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. The court shall request a background check for each prospective adoptive parent who is not a parent of the child. The background check must include a screening for child abuse cases in the records of the department and criminal history record information obtained from the Maine Criminal Justice Information System and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
    - (1) The criminal history record information obtained from the Maine Criminal Justice Information System must include a record of public criminal history record information as defined in Title 16, section 703, subsection 8.
    - (2) The criminal history record information obtained from the Federal Bureau of Investigation must include other state and national criminal history record information.
    - (3) Each prospective parent who is not a parent of the child shall submit to having fingerprints taken. The State Police, upon receipt of the fingerprint card, may charge the court for the expenses incurred in processing state and national criminal history record checks. The State Police shall take or cause to be taken the applicant's fingerprints and shall forward the fingerprints to the State Bureau of Identification so that the bureau can conduct state and national criminal history record checks. Except for the portion of the payment, if any, that constitutes the processing fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, all money received by the State Police for purposes of this paragraph must be paid over to the Treasurer of State. The money must be applied to the expenses of administration incurred by the Department of Public Safety.
    - (4) The subject of a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history record check may obtain a copy of the criminal history record check by following the procedures outlined in 28 Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 16.32 and 16.33. The subject of a state criminal history record check may inspect and review the criminal history record information pursuant to Title 16, section 709.
    - (5) State and federal criminal history record information may be used by the court for the purpose of screening prospective adoptive parents in determining whether the adoption is in the best interest of the child.
    - (6) Information obtained pursuant to this paragraph is confidential. The results of background checks received by the court are for official use only and may not be disseminated outside the court except as required under Title 22, section 4011-A.

(7) The expense of obtaining the information required by this paragraph is incorporated in the adoption filing fee established in section 9-301. The court shall collect the total fee and transfer the appropriate funds to the Department of Public Safety and the department. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

The court may waive the background check of a prospective adoptive parent if a previous background check was completed by a court or by the department under this subsection within a reasonable period of time and the court is satisfied that nothing new that would be included in the background check has transpired since the last background check.

This subsection does not authorize the court to request a background check for a petitioner who is also the current legal parent of the child.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §17 (AFF).]

- **2. Background checks by department.** The department may, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, at any time before the filing of the petition for adoption, conduct background checks for each prospective adoptive parent of a minor child in its custody.
  - A. The department may request a background check for each prospective adoptive parent who is not a parent of the child. The background check must include criminal history record information obtained from the Maine Criminal Justice Information System and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
    - (1) The criminal history record information obtained from the Maine Criminal Justice Information System must include a record of public criminal history record information as defined in Title 16, section 703, subsection 8.
    - (2) The criminal history record information obtained from the Federal Bureau of Investigation must include other state and national criminal history record information.
    - (3) Each prospective parent who is not a parent of the child shall submit to having fingerprints taken. The State Police, upon receipt of the fingerprint card, may charge the department for the expenses incurred in processing state and national criminal history record checks. The State Police shall take or cause to be taken the applicant's fingerprints and shall forward the fingerprints to the State Bureau of Identification so that the bureau can conduct state and national criminal history record checks. Except for the portion of the payment, if any, that constitutes the processing fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, all money received by the State Police for purposes of this paragraph must be paid over to the Treasurer of State. The money must be applied to the expenses of administration incurred by the Department of Public Safety.
    - (4) The subject of a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal history record check may obtain a copy of the criminal history record check by following the procedures outlined in 28 Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 16.32 and 16.33. The subject of a state criminal history record check may inspect and review the criminal history record information pursuant to Title 16, section 709
    - (5) State and federal criminal history record information may be used by the department for the purpose of screening prospective adoptive parents in determining whether the adoption is in the best interest of the child.
    - (6) Information obtained pursuant to this paragraph is confidential. The results of background checks received by the department are for official use only and may not be disseminated outside the department except to a court considering a petition for adoption under subsection 1. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- B. Rules adopted by the department pursuant to this subsection are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **3.** Child's background. This subsection governs the collection and disclosure of information about the background of a child subject to a petition for adoption under subsection 1.
  - A. The department, the licensed child-placing agency or any other person who acts to place or assist in placing a child for adoption shall make reasonable efforts to obtain medical and genetic information about the child, the parent who gave birth to the child and a parent who was a source of the gametes used in the child's conception. Specifically, the department, the licensed child-placing agency or any other person who acts to place or assist in placing the child for adoption shall attempt to obtain from the child's parents any information concerning:
    - (1) A current medical, psychological and developmental history of the child, including an account of the child's prenatal care and medical condition at birth, results of newborn screening, any drug or medication taken during pregnancy by the parent who gave birth to the child, any subsequent medical, psychological or psychiatric examination and diagnosis, any physical, sexual or emotional abuse suffered by the child and a record of any immunizations and health care received since birth; and
    - (2) Relevant information concerning the medical, psychological and social history of a parent who was the source of the gametes used in the child's conception, including any known disease or hereditary disposition to disease, the history of use of drugs and alcohol, the health during pregnancy of the parent who gave birth to the child and the health of a parent who was the source of the gametes used in the child's conception at the time of the child's birth. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. The department, the licensed child-placing agency or any other person who acts to place or assist in placing the child for adoption may request from donors or gestational carriers, as defined in Title 19-A, section 1832, their medical or genetic information identical to that described in paragraph A, subparagraphs (1) and (2) and shall make reasonable efforts to obtain any medical and genetic information concerning such individuals that is in the possession of the child's parent or parents. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. Prior to the child being placed for adoption, the department, the licensed child-placing agency or any other person who acts to place or assist in placing the child for adoption shall provide the information described in paragraph A to the prospective adoptive parents. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - D. If the department, the licensed child-placing agency or any other person who acts to place or assists in placing the child for adoption has specific, articulable reasons to question the truth or accuracy of any of the information obtained, those reasons must be disclosed in writing to the prospective adoptive parents. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - E. The prospective adoptive parents must be informed in writing if any of the information described in this subsection cannot be obtained, either because the records are unavailable or because the parents are unable or unwilling to consent to its disclosure or to be interviewed. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - F. If after a child is placed for adoption and either before or after the adoption is final the child suffers a serious medical or mental illness for which the specific medical, psychological or social history of the child's parents, donors or gestational carriers or the child may be useful in diagnosis or treatment, the prospective adoptive or adoptive parents may request that the department, the

licensed child-placing agency or any other person who placed or assisted to place the child attempt to obtain additional information. The department, licensed child-placing agency or other person shall attempt to obtain the information promptly and shall disclose any information collected to the prospective adoptive or adoptive parents as soon as reasonably possible. The department, licensed child-placing agency or other person may charge a fee to the prospective adoptive or adoptive parents to cover the cost of obtaining and providing the additional information. Fees collected by the department must be dedicated to defray the costs of obtaining and providing the additional information. Fees may be reduced or waived for low-income prospective adoptive or adoptive parents. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- G. The department, the licensed child-placing agency or any other person who acts to place or assist in placing the child for adoption shall file the information collected with the court and, if it appears that the adoption will be granted and this information has not previously been made available to the adoptive parents pursuant to Title 22, section 4008, subsection 3, paragraph G or Title 22, section 8205, the court shall make the information available to the adoptive parents, prior to issuing the decree pursuant to subsection 8, with protection for the identity of persons other than the child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- H. If the child to be placed for adoption is from a foreign country that has jurisdiction over the child and the prospective adoptive parents are United States citizens, compliance with federal and international adoption laws is deemed to be in compliance with this subsection. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).] [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **4. Rebuttable presumption; sexual offenses.** There is a rebuttable presumption that the petitioner would create a situation of jeopardy for the child if the adoption were granted and that the adoption is not in the best interest of the child if the court finds that the petitioner for the adoption of a minor child:
  - A. Has been convicted of an offense listed in Title 19-A, section 1653, subsection 6-A, paragraph A in which the victim was a minor at the time of the offense and the petitioner was at least 5 years older than the minor at the time of the offense, except that, if the offense was gross sexual assault under Title 17-A, section 253, subsection 1, paragraph B or C, or an offense in another jurisdiction that involves conduct that is substantially similar to that contained in Title 17-A, section 253, subsection 1, paragraph B or C, and the minor victim submitted as a result of compulsion, the presumption applies regardless of the ages of the petitioner and the minor victim at the time of the offense; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. Has been adjudicated in an action under Title 22, chapter 1071 of sexually abusing a person who was a minor at the time of the abuse. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

The petitioner may present evidence to rebut the presumption. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**5. Probationary period.** The court may require that a minor child subject to a petition for adoption under this section live for one year in the home of the petitioner before the petition is granted and that the child, during all or part of this probationary period, be under the supervision of the department or a licensed adoption agency.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**6. Guardian ad litem.** The court may appoint a guardian ad litem for a minor child subject to a petition for adoption under this section at any time during the proceedings. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

Article 9. ADOPTION

Generated 10.30.2023

7. Adoption registry and services. Before the adoption of a minor child is decreed, the court shall ensure that the petitioners are informed of the existence of the adoption registry and the services available under Title 22, section 2706-A.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**8. Declaration; name change.** If the court is satisfied with the identity and relations of the parties to a petition for adoption under this section, with the ability of the petitioner to bring up and educate the child properly, considering the condition of the child's parents, and with the fitness and propriety of the adoption, the court shall make a decree setting forth the facts and declaring that from that date the child is the child of the petitioner and that the child's name is changed, without requiring public notice of that change.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**9.** Certified copy of birth certificate; certificate of adoption. A certified copy of the birth certificate of the child proposed for adoption must be presented with the petition for adoption if the certified copy can be obtained or made available by filing a delayed birth registration. After the adoption has been decreed, the register shall file a certificate of adoption with the State Registrar of Vital Statistics on a form prescribed and furnished by the state registrar.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

10. Transfer of long-term care or custody without court order. Before the adoption is decreed under subsection 8, the court shall ensure that the petitioners are informed that the transfer of the long-term care and custody of the child without a court order is prohibited under Title 17-A, section 553, subsection 1, paragraphs C and D.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-305. Evidence; procedure

The court may proceed as follows in considering a petition for adoption. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**1. Adoptee interview.** The court may interview any adoptee, and shall interview an adoptee who is 12 years of age or older, outside the presence of the prospective adoptive parents, to determine the adoptee's attitudes and desires about the adoption and other relevant issues.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**2. Inspection of records; disclosure.** The court may conduct an inspection in camera of records of relevant child protective proceedings and may disclose only that information necessary for the determination of any issue before the court. Any disclosure of information must be done pursuant to Title 22, section 4008, subsection 3.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**3. Recording; expenses.** The parties may request a recording of the proceedings. The requesting party shall pay the expense of the recording.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**SECTION HISTORY** 

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

§9-306. Allowable payments; expenses

- 1. Allowable payments by or on behalf of petitioner. Except when one of the petitioners is a blood relative of the adoptee or the adoptee is an adult, only the following expenses may be paid by or on behalf of a petitioner in any proceeding under this Article:
  - A. The actual cost of legal services related to the surrender and release or the consent and to the adoption process; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. Prenatal and postnatal counseling expenses for the person giving birth to the child; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. Prenatal, birthing and other related medical expenses for the person giving birth to the child; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - D. Necessary transportation expenses to obtain the services listed in paragraphs A, B and C; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - E. Foster care expenses for the child; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417. Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - F. Necessary living expenses for the person giving birth to the child and the child; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - G. For a putative parent, legal and counseling expenses related to the surrender and release, the consent and the adoption process; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- H. Fees to a licensed child-placing agency providing services in connection with the pending adoption. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).] [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- 2. Full accounting of disbursements by petitioner. Prior to the dispositional hearing pursuant to section 9-308, the petitioner shall file a full accounting of all disbursements of anything of value made or agreed to be made by or on behalf of the petitioner in connection with the adoption. The accounting report must be signed under penalty of perjury and must be submitted to the court on or before the date the final decree is granted. The accounting report must be itemized and show the services related to the adoption or to the placement of the adoptee for adoption that were received by the adoptee's parents, by the adoptee or on behalf of the petitioner. The accounting must include the dates of each payment and the names and addresses of each attorney, physician, hospital, licensed childplacing agency or other person or organization who received funds or anything of value from the petitioner in connection with the adoption or the placement of the adoptee with the petitioner or participated in any way in the handling of the funds, either directly or indirectly. This subsection does not apply when one of the petitioners is a blood relative or the adoptee is an adult.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

3. Payments not contingent; other expenses and payments prohibited. Payment for expenses allowable under subsection 1 may not be contingent upon any future decision a parent might make pertaining to the child. Other expenses or payments to parents are not authorized. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

18 |

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-307. Adoption not granted

If the court determines that it is unable to finalize an adoption to which parents have consented, the court shall notify the parents that the court has not granted the adoption and shall conduct a review pursuant to section 9-205. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-308. Final decree; dispositional hearing; effect of adoption

- 1. Final decree of adoption; requirements. The court shall grant a final decree of adoption if the petitioner who filed the petition has been heard or has waived hearing and the court is satisfied from the hearing or record that:
  - A. All necessary consents, relinquishments or terminations of parental rights have been duly executed and filed with the court; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. An adoption study, when required by section 9-304, has been filed with the court; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. A list of all disbursements as required by section 9-306 has been filed with the court; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - D. The petitioner is a suitable adopting parent and desires to establish a parent-child relationship with the adoptee; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - E. The best interest of the adoptee, described in subsection 2, is served by the adoption; [RR 2019, c. 2, Pt. A, §22 (COR).]
  - F. The petitioner has acknowledged that the petitioner understands that the transfer of the long-term care and custody of an adoptee who is a minor child without a court order is prohibited under Title 17-A, section 553, subsection 1, paragraphs C and D; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- G. All requirements of this Article have been met. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).][RR 2019, c. 2, Pt. A, §22 (COR).]
- **2. Best interest of adoptee.** In determining the best interest of an adoptee, the court shall consider and evaluate the following factors to give the adoptee a permanent home at the earliest possible date:
  - A. The love, affection and other emotional ties existing between the adoptee and the adopting person or persons, a parent or a putative parent; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. The capacity and disposition of the adopting person or persons, the parent or parents or the putative parent to educate and give the adoptee love, affection and guidance and to meet the needs of the adoptee. An adoption may not be delayed or denied because the adoptive parent and the adoptee do not share the same race, color or national origin; and [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. The capacity and disposition of the adopting person or persons, the parent or parents or the putative parent to provide the adoptee with food, clothing and other material needs, education, permanence and medical care or other remedial care recognized and permitted in place of medical care under the laws of this State. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **3. Findings; decree; confidentiality.** The court shall enter its findings in a written final decree that includes the new name of the adoptee. The final decree must further order that from the date of the decree the adoptee is the child of the petitioner and must be accorded the status set forth in section

9-105. If the court determines that it is in the best interest of the adoptee, the court may require that the names of the adoptee and of the petitioner be kept confidential.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- 4. Notice to parents. Upon completion of an adoption proceeding, the parents who consented to an adoption or who executed a surrender and release must be notified by the court of the completion by regular mail at their last known address. Notice under this subsection is not required to a parent who is also a petitioner. When the parents' rights have been terminated pursuant to Title 22, section 4055, the notice must be given to the department and the department shall notify the parents of the completion by regular mail at their last known address. Actual receipt of the notice is not a precondition of completion and does not affect the rights or responsibilities of adoptees or adoptive parents. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **5. Notice to grandparents.** The department shall notify the grandparents of a child when the child is placed for adoption if the department has received notice that the grandparents were granted reasonable rights of visitation or access under Title 19-A, chapter 59 or Title 22, section 4005-E. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - **6. Effect of adoption.** An order granting the adoption has the following effect:
  - A. An order granting the adoption of the child by the petitioner divests the parent and child of all legal rights, powers, privileges, immunities, duties and obligations to each other as parent and child, except an adoptee inherits from the adoptee's former parents if provided in the adoption decree. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. An adoption order may not disentitle a child to benefits due the child from any 3rd person, agency or state or the United States and may not affect the rights and benefits that a Native American derives from descent from a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF). RR 2019, c. 2, Pt. A, §22 (COR).

§9-309. Appeals

1. Appeal; bond not required of child or next friend. Any party may appeal from any order entered under this Article to the Supreme Judicial Court sitting as the Law Court, as in other civil actions, but a bond to prosecute an appeal is not required of a child or next friend and costs may not be awarded against either.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **2. Appeal expedited.** An appeal from any order under this Article must be expedited. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **3.** Attorney, guardian ad litem continues. An attorney or guardian ad litem appointed to represent a party in an adoption proceeding continues to represent the interests of that party in any appeal unless otherwise ordered by the court.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

§9-310. Records confidential

Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in Title 22, section 2768, all court records relating to an adoption decreed on or after August 8, 1953 are confidential. The court shall keep records of those adoptions segregated from all other court records. If a court determines that examination of records pertaining to a particular adoption is proper, the court may authorize that examination by specified persons, authorize the register to disclose to specified persons any information contained in the records by letter, certificate or copy of the record or authorize a combination of both examination and disclosure. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

Any medical or genetic information in the court records relating to an adoption must be made available to the adopted child when the adopted child attains 18 years of age and to the adopted child's descendants, adoptive parents or legal guardian on petition of the court. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

## §9-311. Interstate placements

1. Certificate of compliance; bring child to this State. A person or agency who intends to bring a child to this State from another state for the purpose of adoption must provide to the court the certification of compliance as required by the department pursuant to Title 22, chapter 1153 or 1154, as applicable.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

2. Certificate of compliance; remove child from this State. A person or agency who intends to remove a child from this State for the purpose of adoption in another state must obtain from the department certification of compliance with Title 22, chapter 1153 or 1154, as applicable, prior to the removal of the child from this State.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **3. Department certification required.** The court may not grant a petition to adopt a child who has been brought to or will be removed from this State for the purpose of adoption without department certification of compliance with Title 22, chapter 1153 or 1154, as applicable. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **4. Civil violation.** An agency or person who fails to comply with this section commits a civil violation for which a fine of not less than \$100 and not more than \$5,000 may be adjudged. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

## §9-312. Foreign adoptions

If an adoption in a foreign country has been finalized and the adopting parents are seeking an adoption under the laws of this State to give recognition to the foreign adoption, a court may enter a decree of adoption based solely upon a judgment of adoption in a foreign country and may order a change of name if requested by the adopting parents. The fee for filing the petition is \$55. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-313. Advertisement

- 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings.
- A. "Advertise" means to communicate by any public medium that originates within this State, including by newspaper, periodical, telephone book listing, outdoor advertising sign, radio or television, or by any computerized communication system, including by e-mail, website, Internet account or any similar medium of communication provided via the Internet. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. "Internet account" means an account created within a bounded system established by an Internet-based service that requires a user to input or store access information in an electronic device in order to view, create, use or edit the user's account information, profile, display, communications or stored data. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- 2. Advertising prohibited. A person may not:
- A. Advertise for the purpose of finding a child to adopt or to otherwise take into permanent physical custody; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. Advertise that the person will find an adoptive home or any other permanent physical placement for a child or arrange for or assist in the adoption, adoptive placement or any other permanent physical placement of a child; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- C. Advertise that the person will place a child for adoption or in any other permanent physical placement; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- D. Advertise for the purpose of finding a person to adopt or otherwise take into permanent custody a particular child. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).] [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - **3. Exceptions.** This section does not prohibit:
  - A. The department or a child-placing agency from advertising in accordance with rules adopted by the department; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - B. An attorney licensed to practice in this State from advertising the attorney's availability to practice or provide services relating to the adoption of children. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**4. Violation.** A person who violates subsection 2 commits a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$5,000 may be adjudged.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

#### §9-314. Immunity from liability for good faith reporting; proceedings

A person, including an agent of the department, who participates in good faith in reporting violations of this Article or participates in a related child protection investigation or proceeding is immune from any criminal or civil liability for reporting or participating in the investigation or proceeding. For purposes of this section, "good faith" does not include instances when a false report is

made and the person knows the report is false. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

#### SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-315. Annulment of the adoption decree

- 1. Annulment; reasons and limitations. A court may, on petition filed within one year of the decree of adoption and after notice and hearing, reverse and annul an adoption decree based on findings by clear and convincing evidence that the adoption was obtained as a result of fraud, duress or illegal procedures.
  - A. If the adoptee is a minor, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem on behalf of the minor adoptee and shall consider the best interest of the child, taking into account the factors set forth in Title 19-A, section 1653, subsection 3. The court shall sustain the decree unless there is clear and convincing evidence of one or more bases for annulment and that the decree is not in the best interest of the child.

The court may allocate the costs of the guardian ad litem to one or more of the parties and may appoint counsel for a minor adoptee or a party to the annulment proceedings. A minor adoptee may appear and be represented by counsel. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

B. Subject to the disposition of an appeal, upon the expiration of one year after an adoption decree is issued, the decree may not be questioned by any person including the petitioner, in any manner upon any ground, including fraud, misrepresentation, failure to give any required notice or lack of jurisdiction of the parties or of the subject matter. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

2. Notice. Notice of a petition to annul must be given to the parents, except those whose parental rights were terminated through a proceeding pursuant to Title 22, section 4055, subsection 1, paragraph B, subparagraph (2), and to all parties to the adoption including the adoptive parents, an adoptee who is 14 years of age or older and the agency involved in the adoption.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**3.** Certified copy of annulment. After the court annuls a decree of adoption, the register shall transmit immediately a certified copy of the annulment to the State Registrar of Vital Statistics. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-316. Confirmatory adoptions

- **1. Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.
  - A. "Assisted reproduction" has the same meaning as in Title 19-A, section 1832, subsection 3. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
  - B. "Confirmatory adoption" means an adoption proceeding governed by this section through which a child born as a result of assisted reproduction may be adopted by an individual who is a parent or presumed parent of that child. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

- C. "Donor" has the same meaning as in Title 19-A, section 1832, subsection 5. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- D. "Marriage" means the legally recognized union of 2 people or any legal relationship that provides substantially the same rights, benefits and responsibilities as marriage and is recognized as valid in the state or jurisdiction in which it was entered. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- E. "Parentage" has the same meaning as in Title 19-A, section 1832, subsection 14. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- F. "Presumed parent" has the same meaning as in Title 19-A, section 1832, subsection 16. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

[PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

- **2. Petitioner or joint petitioners.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a petition for a confirmatory adoption of a child born as a result of assisted reproduction may be filed:
  - A. By a single petitioner who gave birth to the child; or [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- B. Jointly by a petitioner who gave birth to the child and a petitioner who is a parent or presumed parent of the child. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).] [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- **3. Petition contents.** Notwithstanding sections 9-301 and 9-303 or any other provision of law to the contrary, a petition for confirmatory adoption must be signed by the single petitioner under oath or by each of the joint petitioners under oath and must include the following:
  - A. A copy of the child's birth certificate; [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
  - B. An explanation of the circumstances of the child's birth through assisted reproduction; [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
  - C. An attestation that each petitioner consented to the child's birth through assisted reproduction; [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
  - D. An attestation that, other than the claim of the single petitioner or the claims of the joint petitioners, no competing claims of parentage exist; [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
  - E. If the petition is filed jointly, a copy of the joint petitioners' marriage certificate, if any; and [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- F. A filing fee of \$65. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).] [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- **4.** Notice to and consent of donor not required. Notwithstanding section 9-302, any provision of Part 2 or any other provision of law to the contrary, if a petitioner under this section conceived through assisted reproduction using a donor who is not a parent pursuant to Title 19-A, section 1922, the court may not require notice of the confirmatory adoption to that donor or the consent of that donor to the confirmatory adoption.

[PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

- **5.** No other consent of petitioner required. Notwithstanding section 9-302, any provision of Part 2 or any other provision of law to the contrary, submission of a complete petition under subsection 3 constitutes notice of and written consent to the confirmatory adoption by the single petitioner or joint petitioners, and the court may not require any additional notice to or consent by any petitioner. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- **6. Procedures.** Except as specified in this section, the requirements and procedures for adoption proceedings in this Article do not apply to a confirmatory adoption proceeding.
  - A. The following procedures apply to a confirmatory adoption proceeding:

- (1) The requirement in section 9-302, subsection 1, paragraph A for written consent to the adoption by the adoptee, if the adoptee is 12 years of age or older; and
- (2) The confidentiality provisions of section 9-308, subsection 3 and section 9-310. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- B. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for purposes of evaluating a petition for confirmatory adoption, unless required by federal law or ordered by the court for good cause demonstrated in written findings by the court, the court may not require:
  - (1) A hearing, unless requested by a petitioner;
  - (2) A home study, screening for child abuse cases or other investigation of a petitioner by the department or any other agency;
  - (3) A federal or state criminal history record check of any person;
  - (4) Verification that the child is not registered with a registry for missing children;
  - (5) Appointment of a guardian ad litem;
  - (6) An interview of the adoptee; or
- (7) A minimum period of time during which the child must have lived in the home of a petitioner or the petitioners before the petition is granted. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).] [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- **7. Final decree.** Notwithstanding section 9-308 and any other provision of law to the contrary, the court shall grant a petition for confirmatory adoption if it finds:
  - A. For a single petitioner, that the petitioner is the individual who gave birth to the child, the child was born through assisted reproduction and there are no competing claims of parentage; or [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
  - B. For joint petitioners, either:
    - (1) That the child was born through assisted reproduction, one of the petitioners gave birth to the child and, at the time of the child's birth, was married to the other petitioner and there are no competing claims of parentage; or
    - (2) That the child was born through assisted reproduction with the consent of both petitioners, one of the petitioners gave birth to the child, the other petitioner is a parent or presumed parent of the child and there are no competing claims of parentage. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

The court may not deny a petition solely on the grounds that the single petitioner's or the joint petitioners' parentage is already presumed or legally recognized. [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

- **8. Timing of decision.** The court shall issue an order under this section within 60 days of receipt of a petition that complies with subsection 3.
- [PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]
- **9. Appeal.** Appeals from a decision to deny a confirmatory adoption are governed by section 9-309.

[PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

10. Effect on other laws. When adjudicating competing claims of parentage of a child or determining the best interest of a child in a circumstance in which parentage is presumed or legally recognized, a court may not consider as evidence information that a party did not petition for confirmatory adoption under this section.

[PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).]

SECTION HISTORY PL 2023, c. 356, §1 (NEW).

#### PART 4

#### ADOPTION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

#### §9-401. Authorization; special needs children

- 1. **Program.** There is established in the Department of Health and Human Services the Adoption Assistance Program, referred to in this Part as "the program." [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- 2. Adoption assistance for special needs children. Subject to rules and regulations adopted by the department and the federal Department of Health and Human Services, the department may provide through the program adoption assistance for special needs children in its care or custody or in the custody of a nonprofit private licensed child-placing agency in this State if those children are legally eligible for adoption and, when reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to place them without adoption assistance, would not otherwise be adopted without the assistance of this program. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- 3. One-time adoption expenses. The department shall, subject to rules and regulations adopted by the department and the federal Department of Health and Human Services, reimburse adoptive parents of a special needs child for one-time adoption expenses when reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to place the child without such assistance.
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - **4. "Special needs child" defined.** As used in this Part, "special needs child" means a child who:
  - A. Has a physical, mental or emotional disability that makes placement difficult; [PL 2021, c. 348, §21 (AMD).]
  - B. Has a medical condition that makes placement difficult; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - C. Is a member of a sibling group that includes at least one member who is difficult to place; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - D. Is difficult to place because of age or race; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
  - E. Has been a victim of physical, emotional or sexual abuse or neglect that places the child at risk for future emotional difficulties; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- F. Has in that child's family background factors such as severe mental illness, substance use disorder, prostitution, commercial sexual exploitation, genetic or medical conditions or illnesses that place the child at risk for future problems. [PL 2023, c. 316, §14 (AMD).] [PL 2023, c. 316, §14 (AMD).]
- **5. Funds.** For the purposes of this section, the department is authorized to use funds that are appropriated for child welfare services and funds provided under the United States Social Security Act, Titles IV-B and IV-E.
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **6. Amount of adoption assistance.** The amount of adoption assistance under the program may vary depending upon the resources of the adoptive parents and the special needs of the child, as well as

the availability of other resources, but may not exceed the total cost of caring for the child if the child were to remain in the care or custody of the department, without regard to the source of the funds. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**7. Duration of assistance.** The duration of assistance under the program may continue until the cessation of legal parental responsibility or until the parents are no longer supporting the child, at which time the adoption assistance ceases. However, if the child has need of educational benefits or has a physical, mental or emotional disability, adoption assistance may continue until the adoptee has attained 21 years of age if the adoptee, the parents and the department agree that the need for care and support exists.

[PL 2021, c. 348, §22 (AMD).]

**8.** Children from another state. Children who are in the custody of a person or agency in another state who are brought to this State for the purpose of adoption are not eligible for adoption assistance through the program except for reimbursement of nonrecurring expenses if the child meets the requirements of the United States Social Security Act, 42 United States Code, Section 673(c). [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. A, §106 (AMD). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF). PL 2021, c. 348, §§21, 22 (AMD). PL 2023, c. 316, §14 (AMD).

### §9-402. Adoption assistance

- 1. Eligible applicants. An application for the program may be submitted by the following persons:
- A. A foster parent interested in adopting an eligible child in the foster parent's care; [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- B. A person interested in adopting an eligible child; or [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- C. An adoptive parent who was not informed of the program or of facts relevant to a child's eligibility when adopting a child who was at the time of adoption eligible for participation in the program. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**2. Standards for adoption apply.** All applicants for the program must meet department standards for adoption except for financial eligibility.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

**3. Assistance based on special needs.** Assistance under the program may be provided for special needs only and may be varied based on the special needs of the child. Assistance may be provided for a period of time based on the special needs of the child.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

### **SECTION HISTORY**

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-403. Administration

1. Written agreement before final decree; exceptions; reduction in payments. A written agreement between an applicant entering into the program and the department must precede the final decree of adoption, except that an application may be filed subsequent to the finalization of the adoption if there were facts relevant to the child's eligibility that were not presented at the time of the request for

assistance or if the child was eligible for participation in the program at the time of placement and the adoptive parents were not informed of the program.

Except as provided by section 9-401, subsection 8, once an adoption assistance payment is agreed upon and the agreement signed by the prospective adoptive parents, the department may not reduce the adoption assistance payment amounts.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

- **2. Annual determination.** If assistance under the program continues for more than one year, the need for assistance must be annually redetermined. Adoption assistance continues regardless of the state in which the adoptive parents reside, or the state to which the adoptive parents move, as long as the adoptive parents continue to be eligible based on the annual redetermination of need.
- [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]
- **3. Transfer to legal guardian; new agreement.** Upon the death of all adoptive parents, adoption assistance under the program may be transferred to the legal guardian as long as the child continues to be eligible for adoption assistance pursuant to the terms of the most recent adoption assistance agreement with the adoptive parents. The department shall enter into a new assistance agreement with the legal guardian.

[PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

### §9-404. Rules

The department shall adopt rules for the program consistent with this Part. [PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW); PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).]

SECTION HISTORY

PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. A, §2 (NEW). PL 2017, c. 402, Pt. F, §1 (AFF). PL 2019, c. 417, Pt. B, §14 (AFF).

The State of Maine claims a copyright in its codified statutes. If you intend to republish this material, we require that you include the following disclaimer in your publication:

All copyrights and other rights to statutory text are reserved by the State of Maine. The text included in this publication reflects changes made through the First Regular and First Special Session of the 131st Maine Legislature and is current through November 1. 2023. The text is subject to change without notice. It is a version that has not been officially certified by the Secretary of State. Refer to the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated and supplements for certified text.

The Office of the Revisor of Statutes also requests that you send us one copy of any statutory publication you may produce. Our goal is not to restrict publishing activity, but to keep track of who is publishing what, to identify any needless duplication and to preserve the State's copyright rights.

PLEASE NOTE: The Revisor's Office cannot perform research for or provide legal advice or interpretation of Maine law to the public. If you need legal assistance, please contact a qualified attorney.